

GOBIERNO DE PUERTO RICO

DEPARTAMENTO DE EDUCACIÓN Subsecretaría para Asuntos Académicos

REMEDIAL MODULE

English



January 2020

Student's Name:	
School Name:	
SIE number:	
School code:	Municipality:



Dear Student:

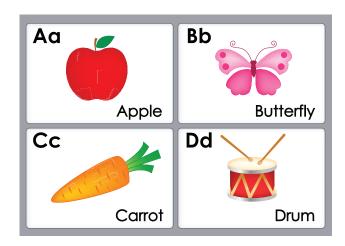
We are providing you with this module as a tool to assist you with the skills you need for your English. In it, you will find multiple choice exercises for you to choose the right answer.

The Puerto Rico Department of Education will validate your participation and effort in answering the exercises contained in this module. The scores obtained will be added to your grades and academic progress report.

We hope that, once you complete your first grade, you will obtain the same satisfaction that we've had creating these exercises to help you.



Part A- Know and apply phonics and word analysis skills to decode words. (1.R.FS.12)

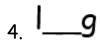


Instructions: Choose the missing letter in each word.

- at 1.
- 2. ed
- ug 3.







- (a) a
- (b) e
- (C) o
- (d) **u**



Part B- Listen and respond to simple commands and instructions or directions with 3 or more steps. (1.L.1c)

My favorite recipe is Banana Bread. I have to follow the instructions all the time.

- 1. Mix sugar and butter.
- 2. Add eggs and milk.
- 3. Add three bananas.
- 4. Bake at 350°F for 30 minutes.

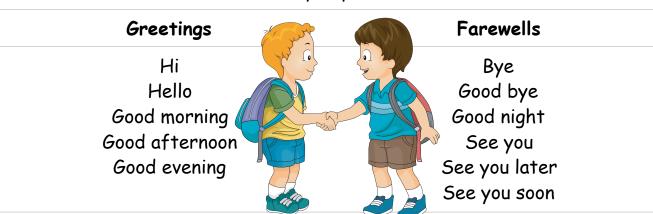


- 5. First, you have to_____.
 - add eggs and milk
 - (b) add three bananas
 - © mix sugar and butter
 - d bake at 350°F for 30 minutes
- 6. Next, you will _____.
 - add eggs and milk
 - (b) add three bananas
 - © mix sugar and butter
 - d bake at 350°F for 30 minutes

- 7. Then, you have to _____.
 - add eggs and milk
 - (b) add three bananas
 - © mix sugar and butter
 - (d) bake at 350°F for 30 minutes
- 8. Finally, you will_____.
 - add eggs and milk
 - (b) add three bananas
 - © mix sugar and butter
 - (d) bake at 350°F for 30 minutes

Part C- Offer and respond to greetings/farewells using appropriate courtesy expressions. (1.L.1d)

Courtesy expressions



- 9. Select the greeting expression:
 - (a) bye
 - **b** see you
 - (c) hello
 - d good night

- 10. Select the farewell expression:
 - @ good evening
 - (b) good morning
 - © good night
 - d) hi
- 11. Select the greeting expression:
 - (d) bye
 - **b** see you
 - © see you later
 - (d) hi
- 12. Select the farewell expression:
 - (a) see you soon
 - (b) good morning
 - © good evening
 - d hi

Part D- Expand sentences to provide some details (e.g., Who? What? When?) About a familiar or new activity or process. (1.5.2c)

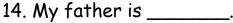
A complete sentence must begin with a capital letter, and end with a punctuation mark.

Example: Pedro is playing in the park.

My dog is sleeping.

Instructions: Choose the answer that completes each sentence.

- 13. The fish _____.
 - (a) the cat
 - b my mom
 - © the cats
 - d is yellow



- (a) red
- (b) the baby
- © a policeman
- d the cat



- (a) did the homework
- (b) is sweet
- © your sister
- d my cat







- 16. _____ is my favorite.
 - are running
 - (b) is black
 - © Chocolate ice cream
 - d my friend



Part E- Identify the main topic and key details of an informational text that is read aloud. (1.R.2I)

The New Bicycle



Emma has a new bicycle. It is bright pink and shiny. It was a gift from her uncle. He hid it behind a bush to surprise her. When Emma looked behind the bush and saw the bicycle, she jumped with joy. It was just what she wanted. She gave her uncle a big hug. She loves her new bicycle, and she loves her uncle.

- 17. What color is the bicycle?
 - (a) blue
 - (b) pink
 - © red
 - (d) black
- 18. Who was it a gift from?
 - (a) her uncle
 - (b) her mom
 - © her dad
 - d her grandmother

- 19. Where was it hidden?
 - (a) behind the bush
 - (b) on top of the bush
 - © under the car
 - (d) in his bedroom
- 20. What did Emma do when she saw the bicycle?
 - (a) she cried
 - (b) she run
 - © she screamed
 - d she gave him a hug

Part F- Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a literary text, and use illustrations to determine the meaning of unknown words. (1.R.4L)

Read each sentence and work out the meaning of the bolded word using cross sentence clues. Example:

The tiny mouse went into the little hole.

- a) big
- b) small

- 21. Do you know the girl waving at us over there?
 - (a) he and she
 - (b) mom and dad
 - © you and me
 - d the boy in the street

- 22. Since it was cold, we made a fire to warm up.
 - (1) the heat and flames produced by burning
 - (b) sand at the beach
 - (c) the animals in the forest
 - d water in a frozen, solid state
- 23. We need a map and compass to find our way in the forest.
 - (a) public road along which vehicles travel
 - (b) new tire for the road
 - © someone to drive
 - d picture that shows the rivers, mountains and trails
- 24. The school bell is ringing and it's time to line up for class.
 - (1) to speak in a soft, low tone
 - b hollow metal cup that makes a ringing sound when struck
 - © a phone
 - (d) a portable computer

Part G- Use illustrations (picture cues) to identify story details and categorize similarities and differences between characters and details within nursery rhymes, folk tales, and other texts. (1.R.7)

Look at the picture and find the words.

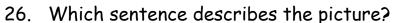
Example:

My car is clean.

My car is red.



- 25. Which sentence describes the picture?
 - (1) The girl is sleeping.
 - (b) The baby is studying.
 - © The boy is reading.
 - d The girl is studying.



- (a) The man is walking the dog.
- (b) The dog is eating.
- © The man is driving.
- d The man is eating.



- (a) The fish is in the ocean.
- (b) The fish is in the river.
- (c) The fish is blue.
- (d) The fish is in a bag.





- 28. Which sentence describes the picture?
 - ① The girl is playing.
 - (b) The girl is sick.
 - © The boy is eating.
 - (d) The girl is eating.



Part H- Use common and proper nouns. (1.LA.1a)

- Common nouns name any person, place, thing, or idea. They are not capitalized unless they come at the beginning of a sentence.
- Proper nouns are the names of specific people, places, things, or ideas.

- 29. Which of the following is a proper noun?
 - (a) cat
 - (b) bird
 - C Pablo
 - (d) boy
- 30. Which of the following is a common noun?
 - (a) Ana
 - (b) Carlos
 - © Matías
 - d siblings
- 31. Which of the following is a proper noun?
 - (a) Karen
 - (b) mom
 - (c) dad
 - (d) girl

- 32. Which of the following is a common noun?
 - (a) José
 - (b) Luis
 - (c) teacher
 - (d) Lucía

Part I- Capitalize the first word in a sentence, dates, and names of people. (1.LA.2a)

- A capital letter is used to mark the beginning of a sentence.
- Capital letters are also used for the first letter in **proper nouns**.

- 33. A _____ is used to mark the beginning of a sentence.
 - (a) vowel
 - (b) consonant
 - (c) date
 - d capital letter
- 34. _____ begins with capital letters.
 - (a) Common nouns
 - (b) Animal names
 - © Proper nouns
 - (d) Plant names
- 35. Which of the following is a common noun?
 - (a) María
 - (b) Ivelisse
 - © grandfather
 - (d) Armando

- 36. Which of the following is a proper noun?
 - (a) Aurora
 - (b) dog
 - © pencil
 - (d) school

Part J- Use context clues and illustrations to identify the meaning of unfamiliar words. (1.LA.4a)

Instructions: Read each sentence and work out the meaning of the bolded word using the pictures.

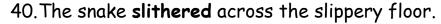
- 37. The starving elephant ate a ton of food.
 - (a) very scared
- **b** very happy
- © very angry
- d very hungry
- 38. The monkeys were swinging on trees.
 - (a) eating
- (b) hanging
- © sleeping
- (d) speaking



- a excited
- (b) scared

© sad

(d) late



(a) ran

(b) walk

© fall

(d) slide